

## **Humans & Animal Disease Surveillance Report**

## **RABIES VACCINATION CLINICS**

Available free of charge to Madison County residents.

A voluntary \$5.00 donation per pet is requested to help defray clinic costs.

The clinic schedule is online at: http://bit.ly/2017PetRabiesClinics

#### JUNE

28	Morrisville Agriculture Center	5:00pm-7:00pm	
Wednesday	100 Eaton Street		

#### JULY

11 Tuesday	<b>Georgetown</b> Highway Garage Route 26	5:00pm-7:00pm
25 Tuesday	Canastota Fireman's Field Hickory Street (across from ZEMS ice cream)	5:00pm-7:00pm

#### **AUGUST**

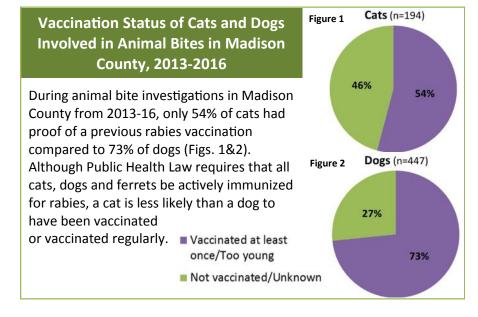
16	New Woodstock Fire Department	5:00pm-7:00pm	
Wednesday	2632 Mill Street		

#### **OCTOBER**

4 Wednesday	<b>Wampsville</b> Highway Department 139 North Court Street	5:00pm-7:00pm
11 Wednesday	<b>Bridgeport</b> Fire Department 427 State Route 31	5:00pm-7:00pm

View all reports online at www.healthymadisoncounty.org

Rabies Testing Results by Township, 5/1/17—5/31/17					
Township	Animal	Result	Number of	RPEP or	
	Specimen		Person (s)	Quarantine	
	Submitted		Exposed	Actions	
Sullivan	Bat	Negative	1	None required	
Sullivan	Domestic Cat	Negative	1	None required	
Oneida	Bat	Negative	1	None required	
Eaton	Horse	Negative	7	None required	
Hamilton	Cow	Negative	unknown	None required	
Oneida	Bat	Negative	unknown	None required	
Lincoln	Bat	Negative	1	None required	
TOTAL		No rabid	11 potential		
		animals	exposures		
Total Rabies Positive Animals in 2017 to date: 1 (1 Raccoon)					
Total Specimens Inconclusive (Untestable) in 2017 to date: 0					
<b>Total Specimens Submitted for Rabies Testing in 2017 to date:</b> 17 (8 Bats, 2					
Cow, 2 Domestic Cat, 3 Feral Cats, 1 Horse, and 1 Raccoon)					
*RPEP = Rabies Post-Exposure Prophylaxis					

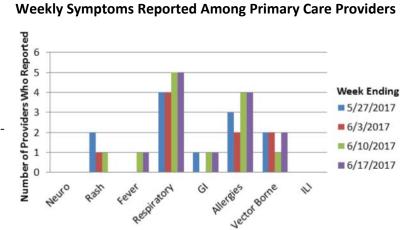




# **Human & Animal Disease Surveillance Report**

## Madison County Disease Surveillance Updates, 5/28/17-6/3/17

- <u>Communicable Diseases Reported to the Health Department</u>: 4 Chlamydia,
   2 Campylobacter,
   2 Gonorrhea,
   4 new Chronic Hepatitis C,
   1 Lyme,
   3 Strep Group A,
   2 Cryptosporidium
- <u>Primary Care Providers Reported\*:</u> rashes, respiratory illness, allergies, tick and other insect bites, step throat, upper respiratory infections (URI), coughs, ear infections, bronchitis, fevers, gastrointestinal illness (GI) coxsackie virus, sore throats, scabies, mono, and sinusitis
- <u>Hospital Weekly Surveillance\*:</u> Rashes, fever, respiratory illness, GI, allergies, URI, pneumonia, asthma, and tick bites were reported
- <u>Syndromic Surveillance in Emergency Departments:</u> No signals for unusual disease clusters reported
- <u>Medicaid Over-the-Counter (OTC) & Script Medication Alerts</u>: 5/12 to 21/16: mild to moderate sensitivity for Tetracyclines (antibiotics); no alerts 5/21-5/28.



# Total RPEP Administrations by Animal Rabies Exposure, in Madison County, 2012-2016

Next to bats, exposure to cats remains the second highest exposure situation leading to the administration of RPEP in residents (see figure on right). The majority of bats and cats encountered by individuals were not captured, and resulted in the administration of RPEP. When animals are available for testing, RPEP is not needed if animals test negative for rabies. Among the animals MCDOH submitted for rabies testing between 2013 and 2016, 95% of bats and 86% of cats were negative for rabies.

When an animal is not captured or testing cannot be completed due to poor condition of the animal specimen, RPEP, a series of four trips to a hospital or medical provider for shots, may be recommended for individuals exposed due to the inability to determine the health status of an animal.

